

# Math 130 04 – A Survey of Calculus

## Practice Exam

December 8, 2022      **Time: 2 hours**

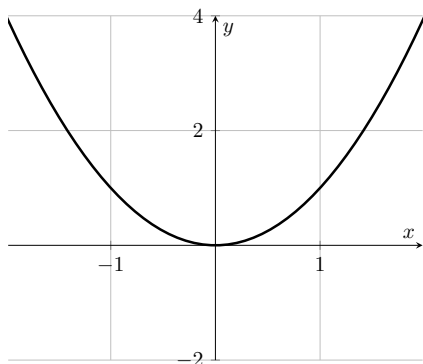
### Instructions:

- You have exactly 2 hours to finish the exam.
- You are allowed to use your personal notes (paper only) and a graphing calculator. No other devices (computers, cell phones, tablets) may be used.
- You **must** write your name and student ID at the top of the first page, and you **must** initial every page that you use.
- This exam has **five** questions, each worth **five** points. Your goal is to get **18** points in total.
- Any extra points ( $> 18$ ) will eventually count towards increasing your grade ( $A \rightarrow A^+$ ,  $B^+ \rightarrow A$ ,  $B^- \rightarrow B$ , and so on) at the end of the semester.
- Each question is divided into subquestions. The points that each subquestion is worth are indicated next to it.
- Write your answers clearly and neatly in the space provided after each question.
- Ask for extra sheets of paper if you need them.
- Number your answers correctly (especially if you're using extra sheets of paper).
- Justify your answers **fully and clearly**. Answers with no explanation (*even if the final calculation is correct*) are worth **zero** points. Answers with a full and correct explanation but a calculation error are worth more than 90% of the points.

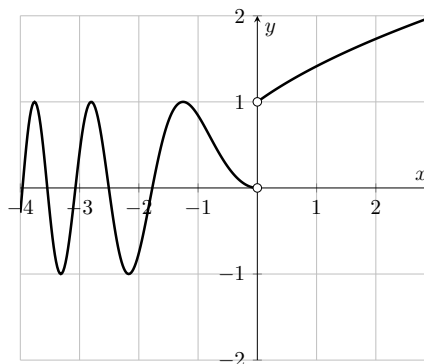
Your Name:

Your Student ID:

1. (a) (2 points) Which of the following graphs represent real functions? Which of the functions is continuous over the interval  $[-1, 1]$ ?



i.



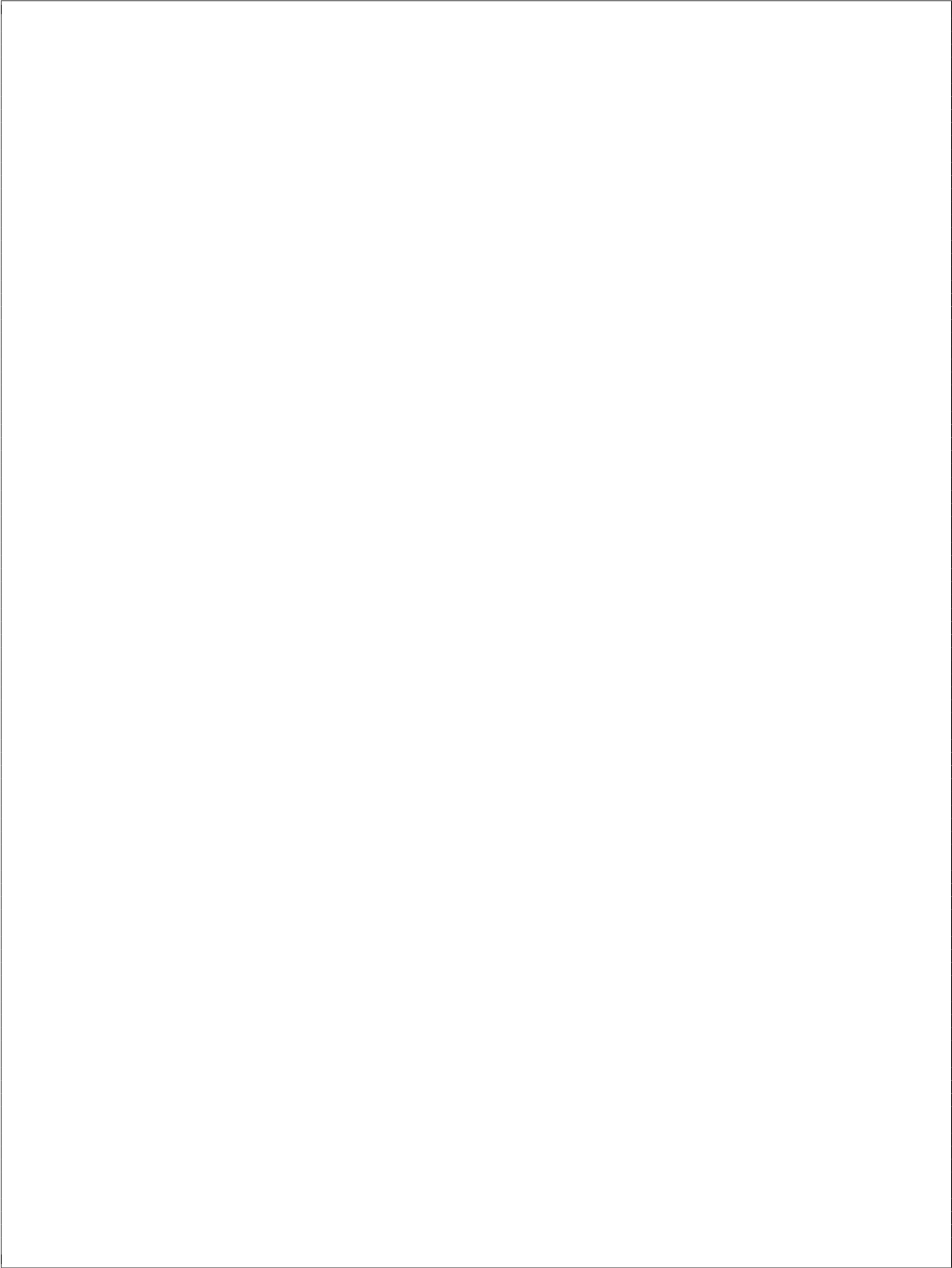
ii.

- (b) (3 points) Calculate the following limits.

i.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{3x^2 - 6}{x^2 - 3}$

ii.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^4 - 3x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$

iii.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 4x - 3}{x^3 - 1}$



2. (a) (3 points) Calculate the derivatives of the following functions.

i.  $f(x) = 6x^{1/3} + 2x^{-3/4}$

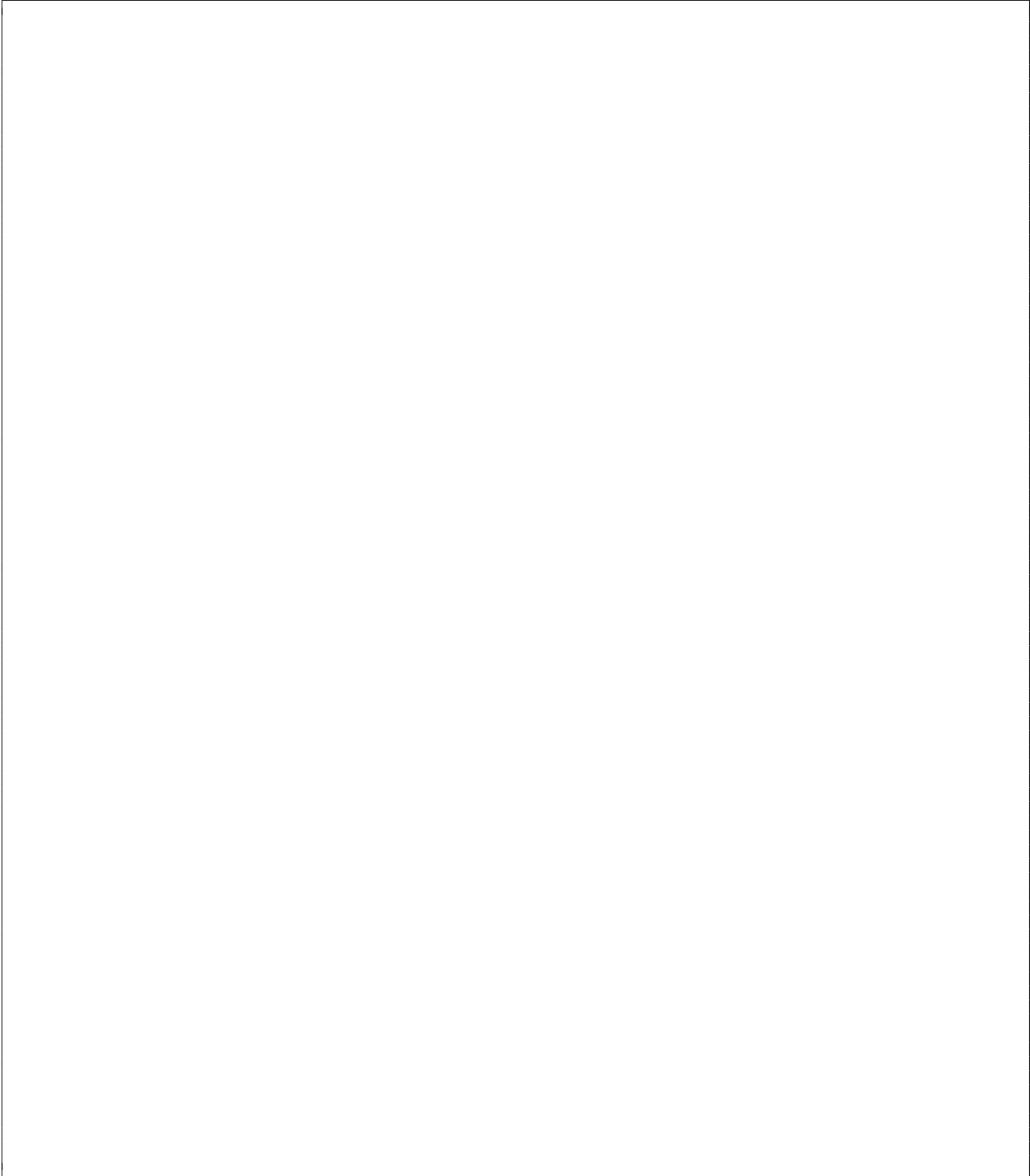
ii.  $f(x) = \ln(x^2 + 3)$

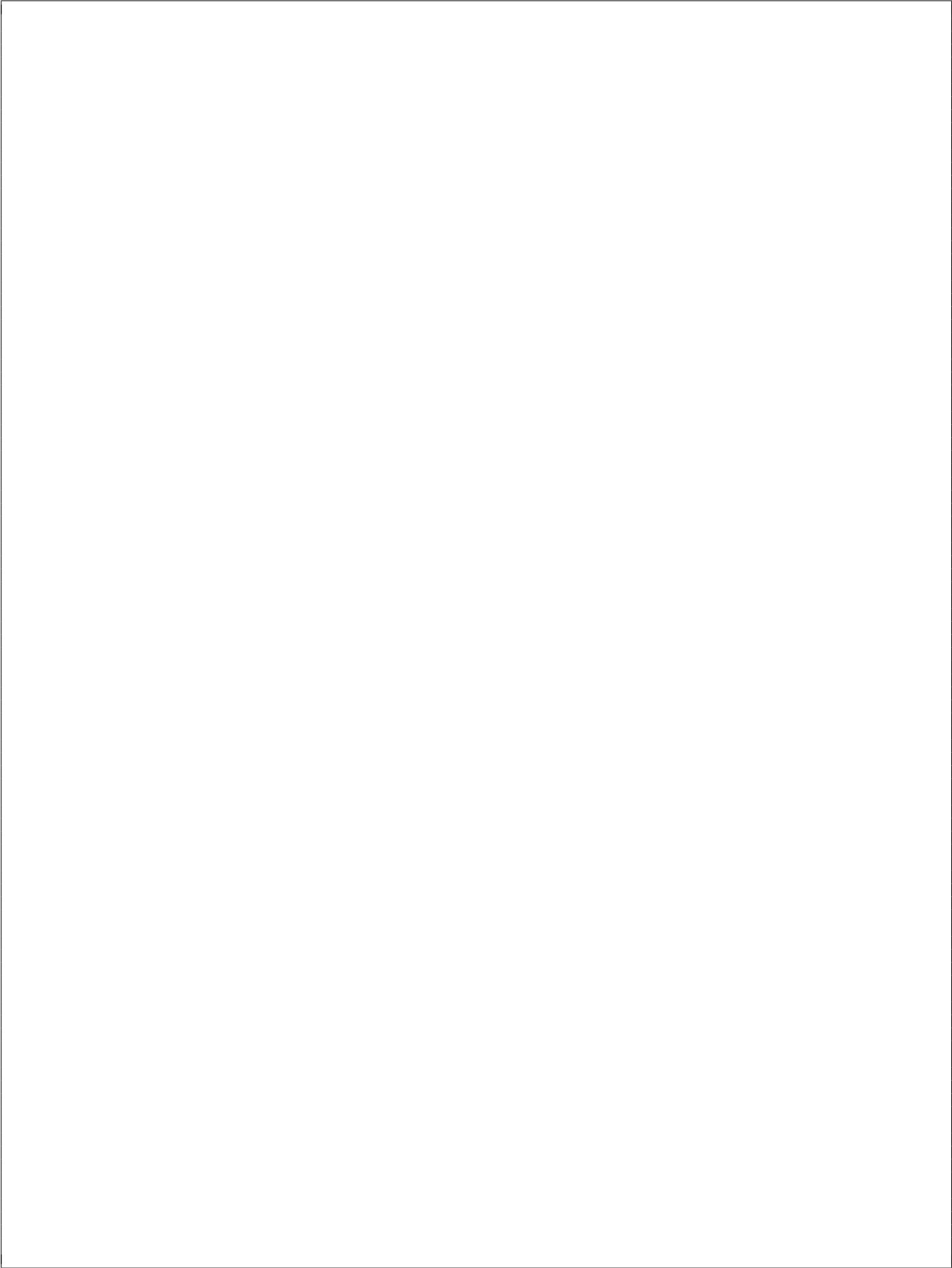
iii.  $f(x) = e^{(3x^3 - \ln(x))}$

(b) (2 points) Calculate the Riemann integrals of the following functions.

i.  $f(x) = 4x^3 + 2x^{-2/3}$

ii.  $f(x) = e^{4x} + x^{-3/2}$





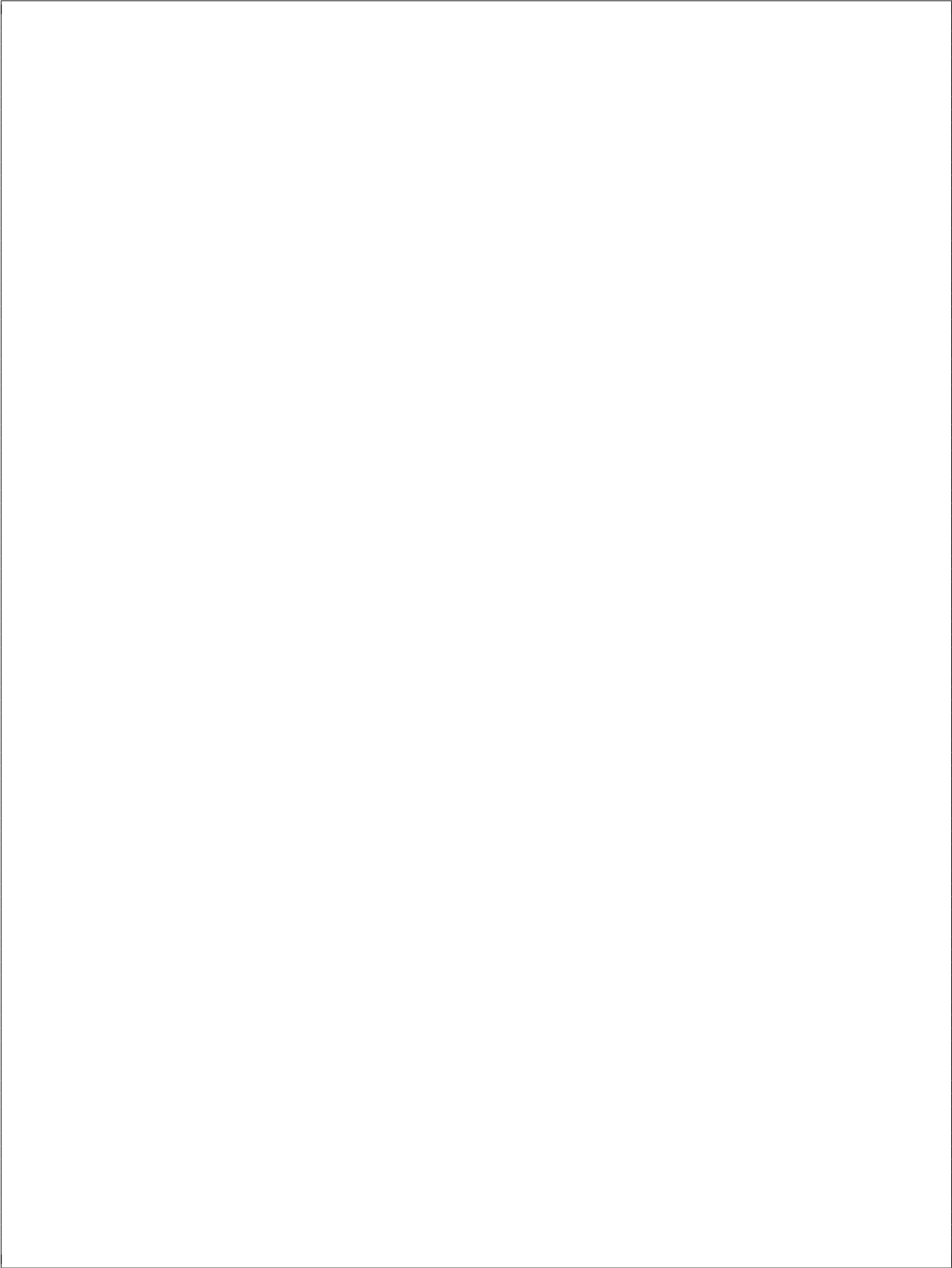
3. Consider the following function.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 - 6(x^2 + 4)^{1/2} & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ 4x^2 - 12 & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

(a) (1 point) Is  $f$  continuous at 0?

(b) (2 points) Is  $f$  differentiable at 0?

(c) (2 points) Does  $f$  have a local maximum or a local minimum at 0?



4. A company estimates their total cost function to produce  $x$  units to be

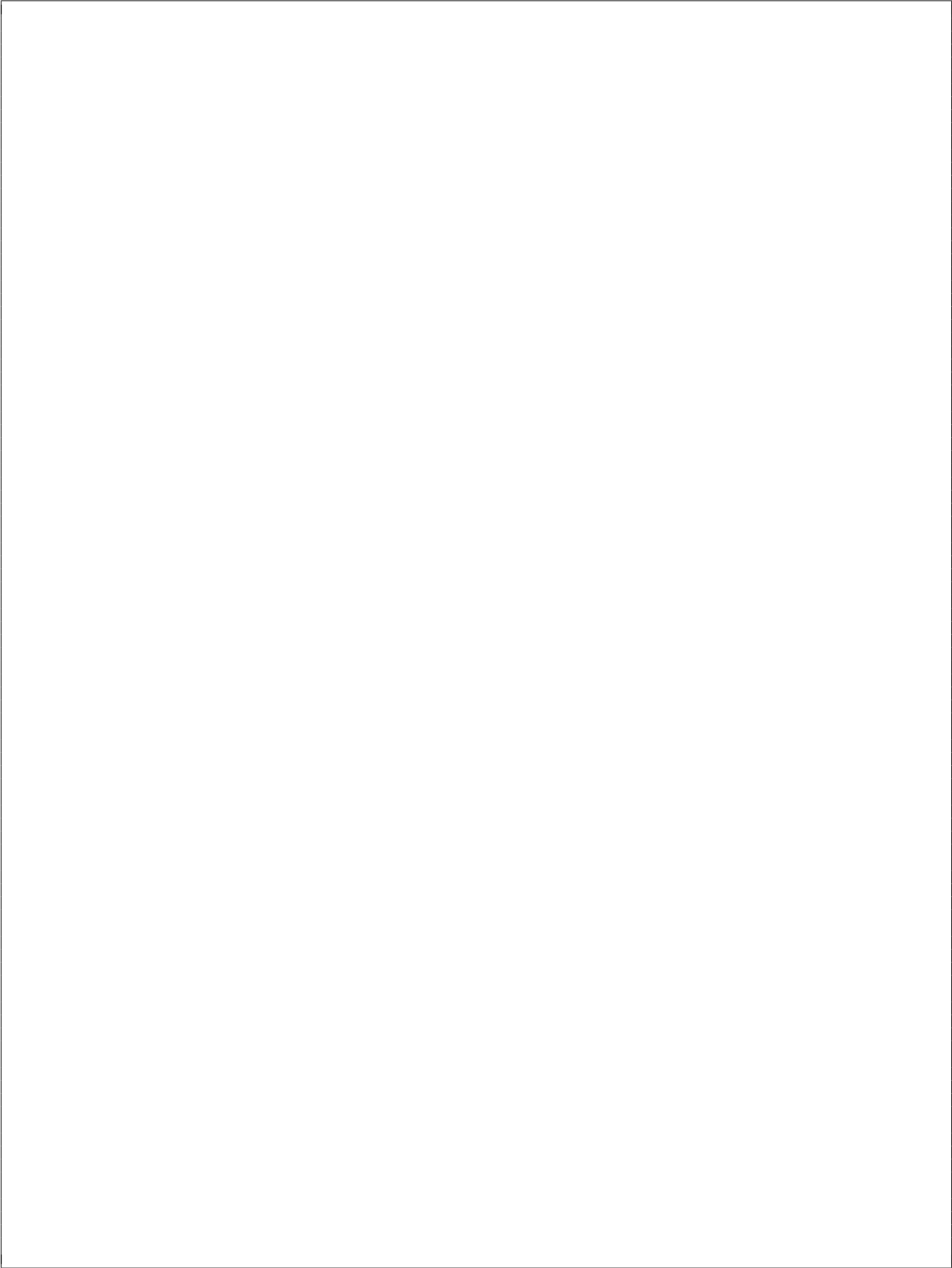
$$C(x) = 4000 + 0.25x^2 \quad \text{thousand dollars.}$$

The company also estimates that in order to sell  $x$  units, each unit must be priced at

$$f(x) = 150 - 0.5x \quad \text{thousand dollars.}$$

- (a) (2 points) Assuming  $x$  units are produced and sold, calculate the total revenue function  $R(x)$  and the total profit function  $P(x)$ .
- (b) (2 points) How many units must be produced and sold to maximize profit? What is the maximum profit?
- (c) (1 point) What price per unit must be charged to maximize profit?





5. Like all mammals, humans' bodies are maintained at a fixed temperature (98.6 degrees Fahrenheit) while they are alive. When a person dies, their corpse's temperature decreases as follows: At  $x$  hours after death, the corpse's temperature is

$$T(x) = T_0 + (98.6 - T_0)e^{-kx} \quad \text{degrees Fahrenheit,}$$

where  $T_0$  is the ambient temperature (of the room or environment) and  $k$  is a positive constant real number.

Upon arrival, a coroner finds the temperature of a corpse to be 61.6 degrees Fahrenheit. After 1 hour, the coroner measures the corpse's temperature to be 57.2 degrees Fahrenheit. The corpse is in a location whose ambient temperature is 10 degrees Fahrenheit.

- (a) (2 points) If the coroner arrived  $x$  hours after the person died, then use the equation  $\frac{T(x)}{T(x+1)} = \frac{61.6}{57.2}$  to find the constant  $k$ .
- (b) (1½ points) If the coroner arrived at 11 PM, when did the person die?
- (c) (1½ points) What was the rate of change of the corpse's temperature (in degrees Fahrenheit per hour) when the coroner arrived?

